

# SPECIFICATION

# 产品规格书

REFOND P/N 产品型号

RF-AL-C3535L2K1RE-03

R&D 研发

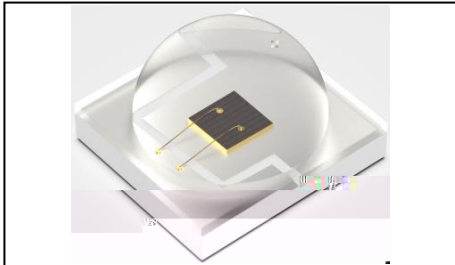
Mass Product 量产供货

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## 1. Description 产品介绍

### 1.1 General Description 产品描述



The Red source color devices are made with AlGaInP on Substrate Light Emitting Diode

红光 LED 由 AlGaInP 四种元素芯片激发而成

The LED package dimension: 3.45mmX3.45mmX2.20mm.

产品尺寸: 3.45mmX3.45mmX2.20mm。

### 1.2 Features 产品特征

Ceramics Package.陶瓷封装

Extremely wide viewing angle.发光角度大

Suitable for all SMT assembly and solder process.适用于所有的SMT组装和焊接工艺

Available on tape and reel.适用于载带及卷轴

Moisture sensitive level:Level1. 防潮等级: Level 1

RoHS compliant.满足RoHS要求

### 1.3 Application 产品应用

Warning lights, Downlights, Wash wall lights, Spot lights, Signaling lights/Traffic signal. 警报器、筒射灯、天花灯、路灯、交通信号灯

Article color lamp, lamp belt. 彩色灯条、灯带

Landscape lighting, Stage photography light, Medical Aesthetics. 景观照明、舞台摄影、医疗美容

Hotels, markets, offices, household and other indoor uses.酒店、商场、办公室、家用及其它室内用途

General use.其他应用

## 1.4 Package Dimension 封装尺寸

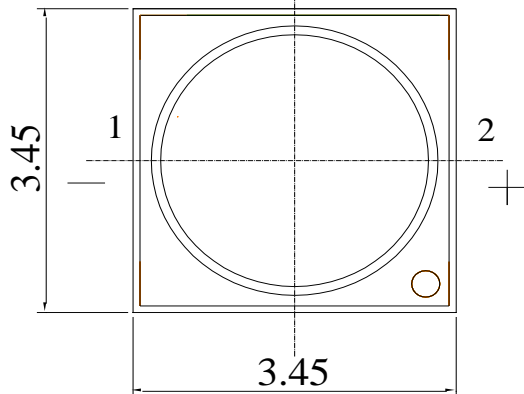


Fig.1-1 Top view 正面视图

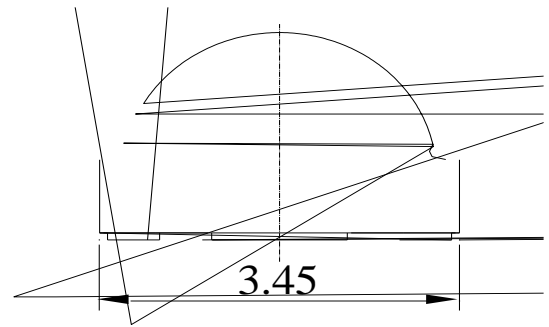


Fig.1-2 Side view 侧面视图

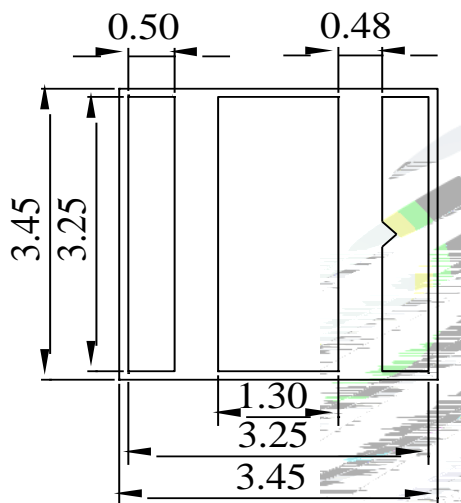


Fig.1-3 Bottom view 背面视图

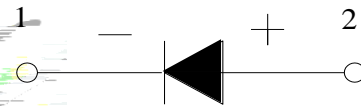


Fig.1-4 Polarity 极性

Fig.1-5 Soldering patterns 推荐焊盘

Notes 备注:

1. All dimensions units are millimeters. 所有尺寸标注单位为毫米
2. All dimensions tolerances are  $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$  unless otherwise noted. 除特别标注外, 所有尺寸公差为  $\pm 0.2$  毫米

## 1.5 Product Parameters 产品参数

Table 1-1 Electrical / Optical Characteristics at Ts=25°C 电性与光学特性

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ	Max.	
Forward Voltage (正向电压)	$V_F$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	1.8	---	2.4	V
Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_V$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	60	---	90	lm
Total radiant flux (辐射功率)	$e$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	200	---	500	mW
Dominant Wavelength (主波长)	$\lambda$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	620	---	630	nm
Reverse Current (漏电流)	$I_R$	$V_R=5\text{V}$	---	---	10	$\mu\text{A}$
Viewing Angle (发光角度)		$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	120	---	deg

Table 1-2 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ts=25°C 绝对最大值

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units
Power Dissipation (功耗)	$P_D$	1920	mW
Forward Current (正向电流)	$I_F$	800	mA
Peak Forward Current (峰值电流)	$I_{FP}$	900	mA
Reverse Voltage (反向电压)	$V_R$	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM) (静电)	$E_{SD}$	2000	V
Operating Temperature (操作温度)	$T_{OPR}$	-40 ~ +85	
Storage Temperature (储存温度)	$T_{OPR}$	-40 ~ +85	
Junction Temperature (结温)	$T_J$	125	

Notes 备注:

1. 1/10 Duty cycle, 0.1ms pulse width. 脉宽0.1ms,占空比1/10.
2. The above forward voltage measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 0.1V$ . 以上所示电压测量误差  $\pm 0.1V$ .
3. The above Dominant Wavelength measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 1nm$ . 以上所示波长测量误差  $\pm 1nm$ .
4. The above luminous intensity measurement allowance tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ . 上述发光强度的测试允许公差为  $\pm 10\%$ .
5. Care is to be taken that power dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the product. 使用功率不能超过规定的最大值。
6. All measurements were made under the standardized environment of Refond. 所有测试都是基于标准出现的标准测试平台。
7. When the LEDs are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package temperature, junction temperature should not exceed the maximum rate. LED 使用的最大电流需要根据散热条件确定, 结温不能超过最大值。
8. ESD yield is over 80% at 2000V ESD (HBM). ESD protection during products handing is needed. 80%的LED 通过人体模式ESD2000V 测试, 在操作时请注意静电防护。

### 1.5.1 Bin Range Of Forward Voltage and Luminous Intensity (IF=350mA) 电压与光强分 BIN 范围(IF=350mA)

Table 1-3

V <sub>F</sub> V	B0	C0	D0	
	1.8-2.0	2.0-2.2	2.2-2.4	
	FB9	FBA	FBB	FBC
	60-65	65-70	70-75	75-80
	FBD	FBE		
	80-85	85-90		
WLD(nm)	E00	F00		
	620-625	625-630		

## 1.6 Typical optical characteristics curves 典型光学特性曲线

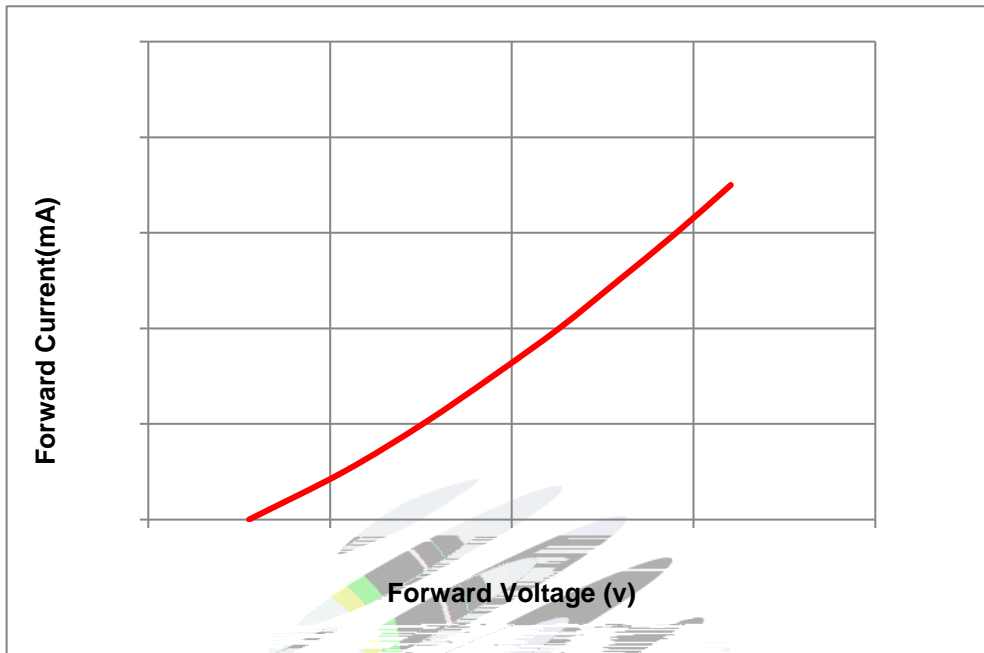


Fig 1-6 Forward Voltage Vs. Forward Current 伏安特性曲线

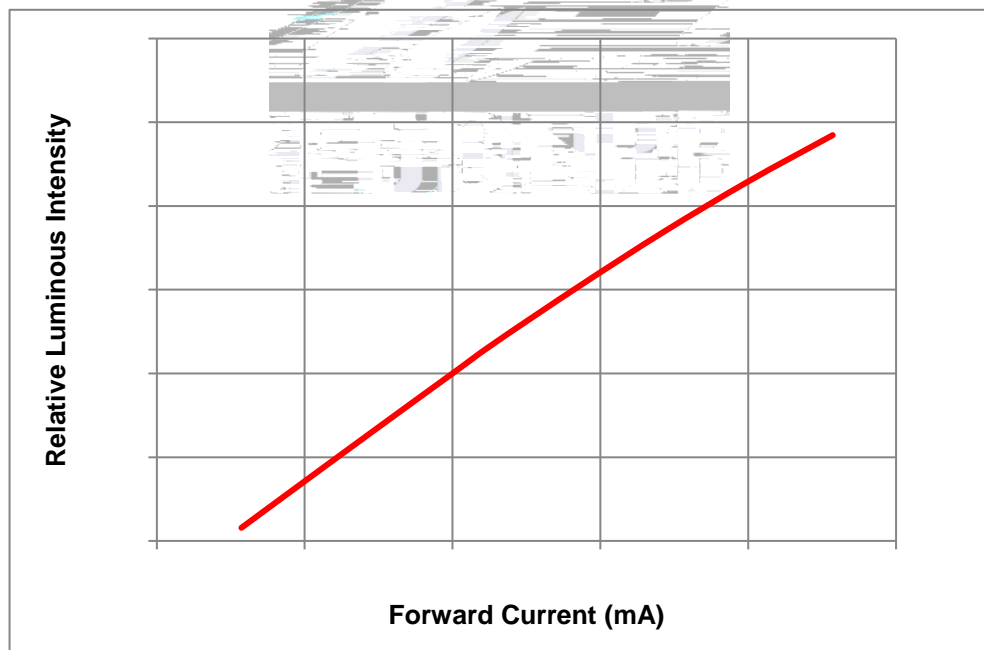


Fig 1-7 Forward Current Vs. Relative Intensity 正向电流与相对光强特性曲线



Fig.1-8 Temperature Vs Relative Intensity 引脚温度与相对光强特性曲线

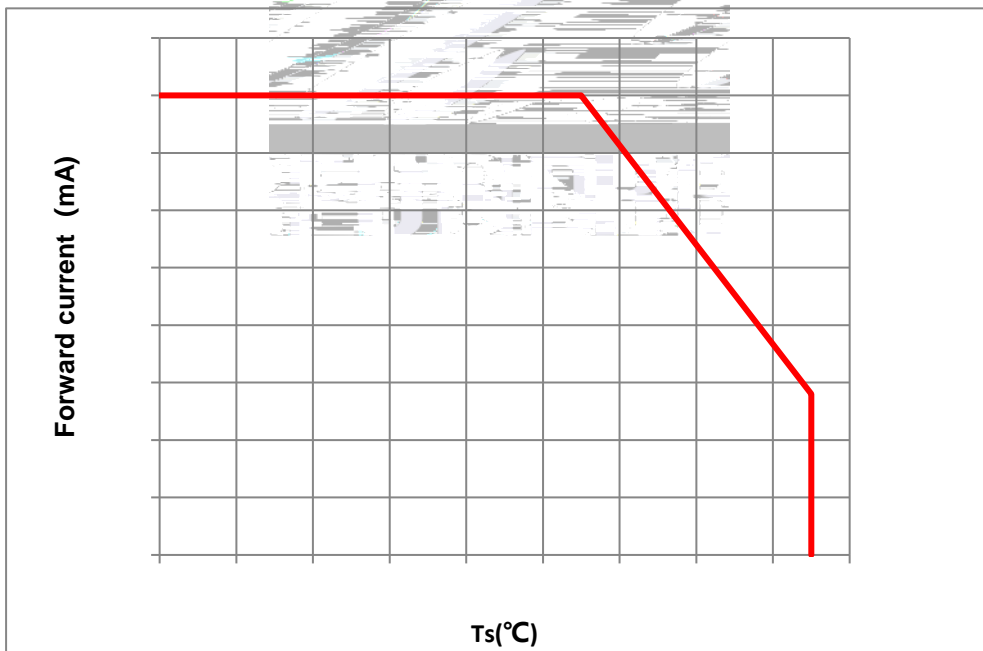


Fig 1-9  $T_s$  Temperature Vs Forward Current 管脚温度与正向电流特性曲线

$T_j$  125°C



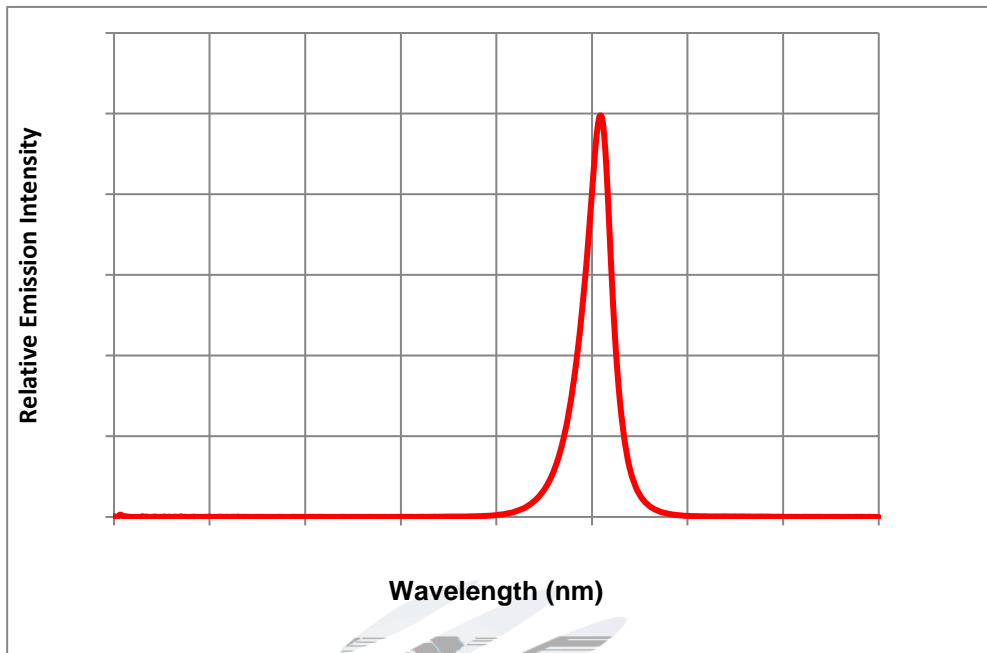


Fig 1-10 Spectrum Distribution 光谱分布特性曲线

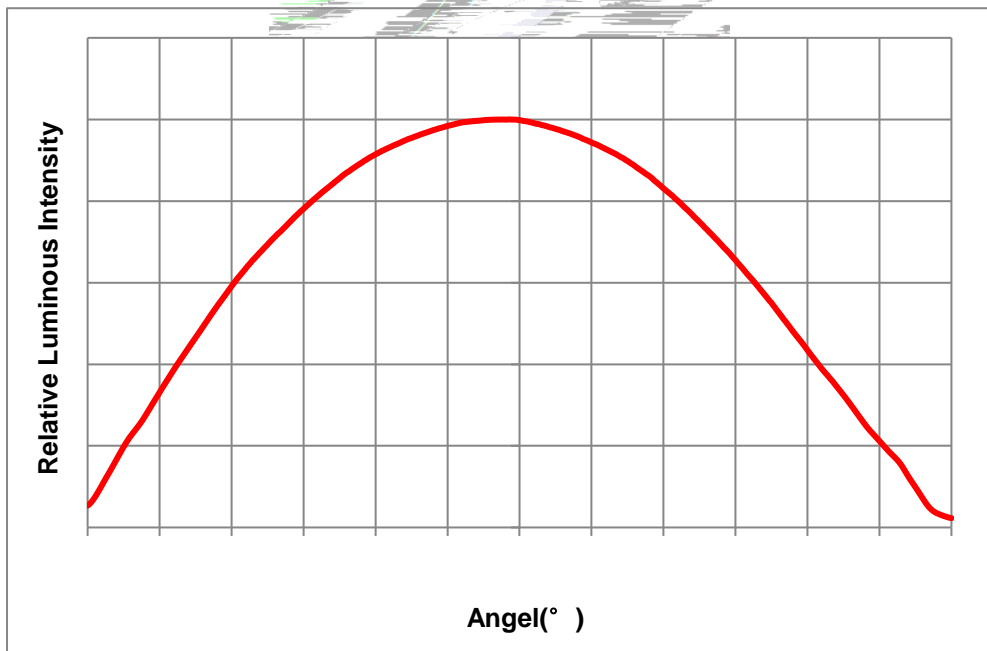


Fig 1-11 Radiation diagram 辐射特性曲线

## 2. Packaging 产品包装

### 2.1 Packaging Specification 包装规格

Package: 1000pcs/reel. 包装每卷

#### 2.1.1 Carrier Tape Dimension 载带尺寸

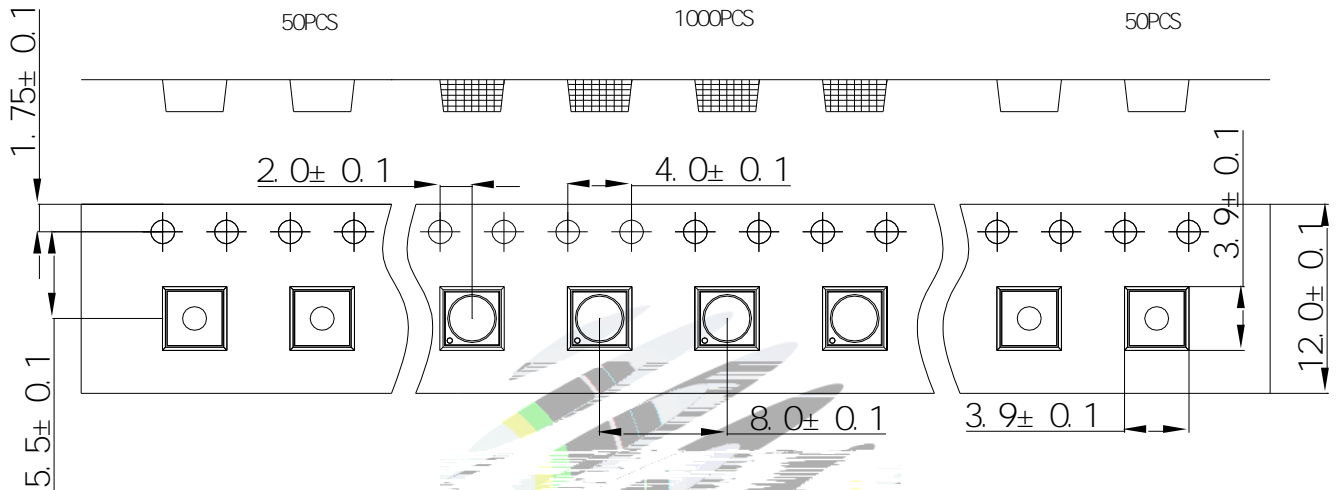


Fig.2-1 Carrier Tape Dimension 载带尺寸

#### 2.1.2 Reel Dimension 卷盘尺寸

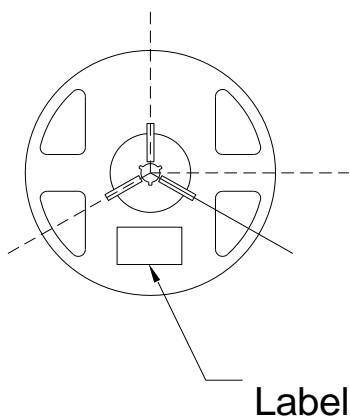


Fig.2-2 Reel 卷盘

Table 2-1 Reel Dimension 卷盘尺寸

A	14.0±0.5mm
B	178±1mm
C	59±1mm
D	13.9±0.5mm

Notes 备注:

The tolerances unless mentioned  $\pm 0.1$ mm. Unit : mm 注: 未注公差为  $\pm 0.1$ 毫米, 尺寸单位: 毫米。

### 2.1.3 Label Form Specification 标签规格

Table 2-2 Label Parameter 标签参数

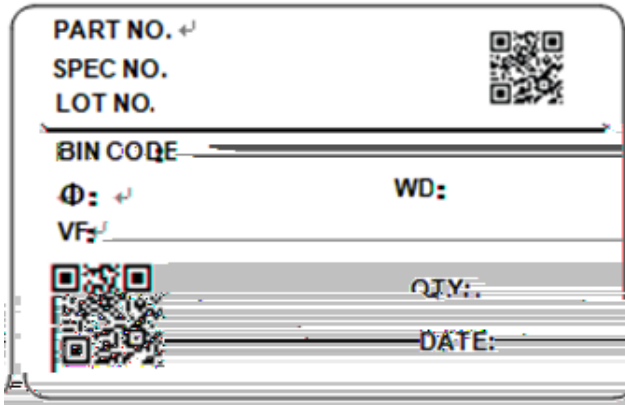


Fig 2-3 Label Form 标签模板

PART NO.	Part Number 品名
SPEC NO.	Spec Number 规格
LOT NO.	Lot Number 批次号
BIN CODE	Bin Code 参数代码
	Luminous flux 光通量
WD	Dominant Wavelength
V <sub>F</sub>	Forward Voltage 正向电压
QTY	Packing Quantity 数量
DATE	Made Date 生产日期

### 2.2 Moisture Resistant Packing 防潮包装

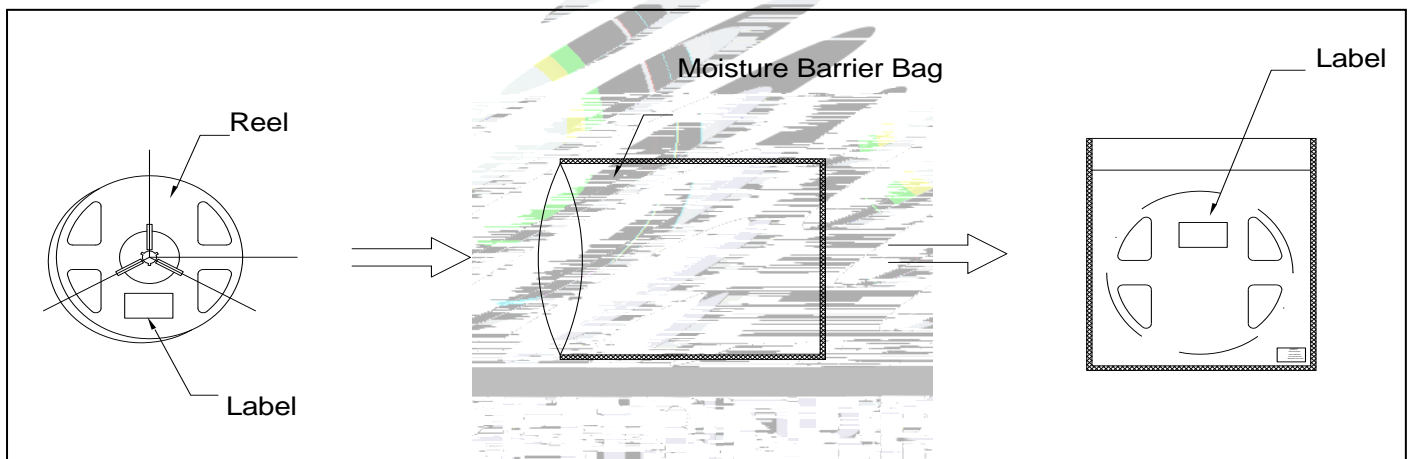
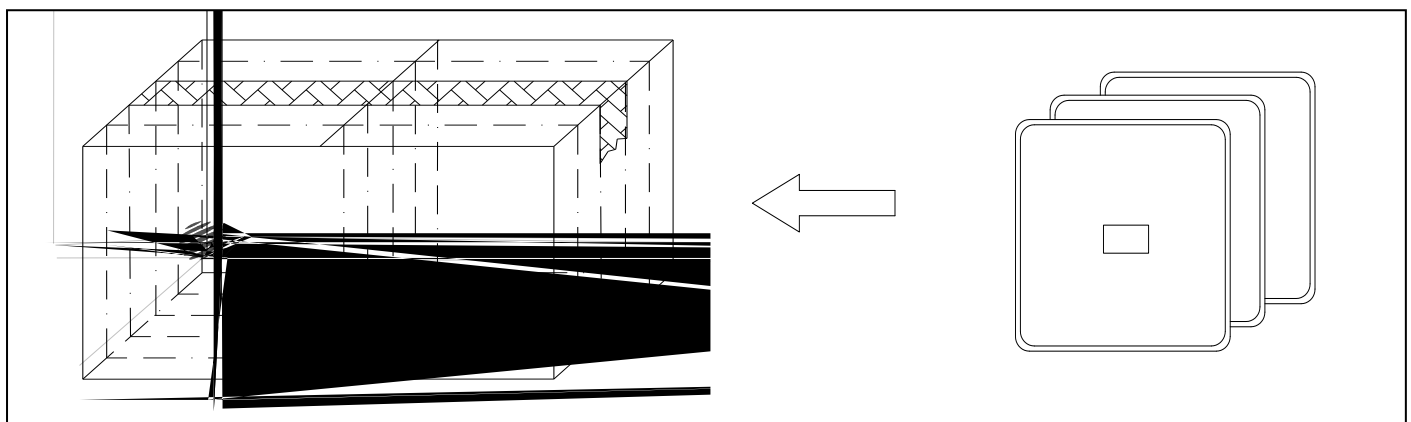


Fig.2-4 Packing specification 包装说明

### 2.3 Cardboard Box 包装纸箱



包装纸箱

## 2.4 Reliability Test Items And Conditions 信赖性测试项目及条件

Table 2-3 Test items and conditions 测试项目及条件

Test Items	Ref. Standard	Test Condition	Time	Quantity	Ac/Re /
Reflow 回流焊	JESD22-B106	T <sub>emp</sub> :260°Cmax T=10 sec	2times.	10pcs.	0/1
Thermal Shock 冷热冲击	JEITAED-4701300307	-40°C 15min 10s 100°C 15min	500 cycles.	10pcs.	0/1
High Temperature Storage 高温保存	JEITAED-4701200201	T <sub>emp</sub> :100°C	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1
Low Temperature Storage 低温保存	JEITA ED-4701200202	T <sub>emp</sub> :-40°C	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1
Life Test 常温通电	JESD22-A108	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1
High Temperature High Humidity Life Test 高温高湿通电	JESD22-A101	60°C/ 90%RH I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1

## 2.5 Criteria For Judging Damage 失效判定标准

Table 2-4 Criteria for judging damage 失效判定标准

Test Items	Symbol	Test Condition	Criteria For Judgement	Applicable project
Forward Voltage 电压	$V_F$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	$\leq \pm 10\%$	Reflow Thermal Shock
Luminous Flux		$I_F=350\text{mA}$	Maintenance $\geq 80\%$ 光通量维持率	High and Low Temperature Storage
Lamp Bead Light Test 灯珠点亮测试	/	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	No open circuit short circuit or flicke 无开路、短路、闪变	High Temperature High Humidity Life Test

### Notes 备注:

1. The above reliability tests is based on the verification of a single/strip LED of Refond's existing experimental platform, the reliability experiment was taken under good heat dissipation conditions. when customers applies the LED to the series and parallel circuit, should take consideration of all the factors such as the current, voltage distribution, heat dissipation and others. 以上可靠性测试是基于瑞丰现有实验平台单颗/条 LED 在良好散热条件验证下的结果。客户端将 LED 应用于串、并联线路时，需自行评估电流、电压分配、散热等问题。

2. The technical information shown in the data sheets is limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license. 以上技术数据仅为产品的典型值，只作为参考，不作为任何应用条件及应用方式的保证。

### 3. SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT 回流焊说明

#### 3.1 SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT 回流焊说明

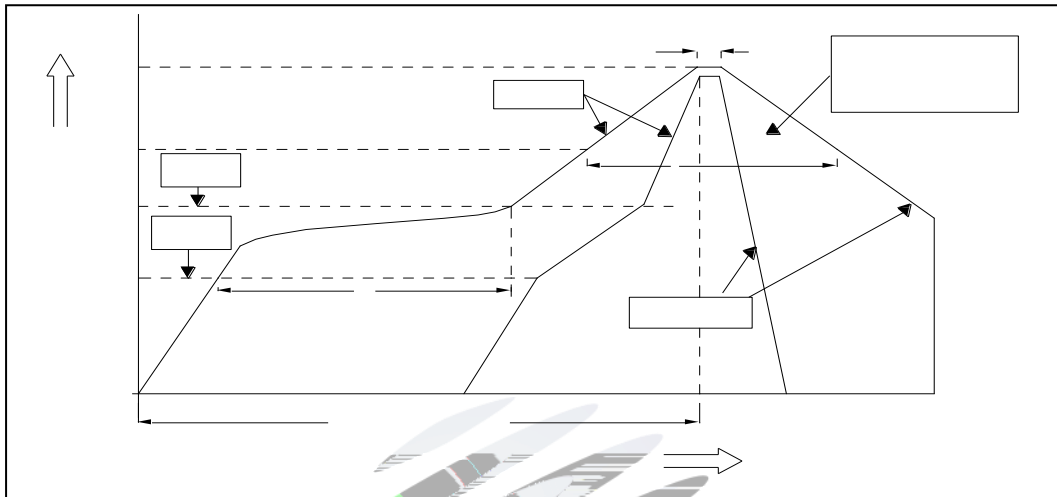


Fig.3-1 SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT 回流焊说明

Table 3-1 SMT Reflow Soldering Parameter SMT 回流焊参数

平均升温速度 ( $T_{smax}$ 至 $T_P$ )	最高 3 °C/ 秒
预热: 最低温度 ( $T_{smin}$ )	150 °C
预热: 最高温度 ( $T_{smax}$ )	200 °C
预热: 时间 ( $T_{smin}$ 至 $T_{smax}$ )	60 - 120 秒
限时维持高温: 温度 ( $T_L$ )	217 °C
限时维持高温: 时间 ( $t_L$ )	最多60 秒
峰值 / 分类温度 ( $T_P$ )	260 °C
限时峰值分类温度: 时间 ( $t_P$ )	最多10 秒
与实际峰值温度 ( $T_P$ ) 相差 5 °C 以内的保持时间	最多30秒
降温速度	最高 6 °C/ 秒
25 °C 升至峰值温度所需时间	最多 8 分钟

Notes 备注:

(1) Reflow soldering should not be done more than twice. If more than 24 hours between the two solderings, LED will be damaged. ~~LED封装胶为硅胶，表面平整。用吸嘴按压胶体表面会影响LED可靠性，因此应有预防措施避免在按压器件，当使用吸嘴时，胶体表面的压力应是恰当的。~~ 当两次回流焊接的时间间隔超过24小时，LED可能由于吸湿而损坏。

(2) When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating. 当焊接时，不要在材料受热时用力压胶体表面。

### 3.1.1 Soldering Iron 烙铁焊接

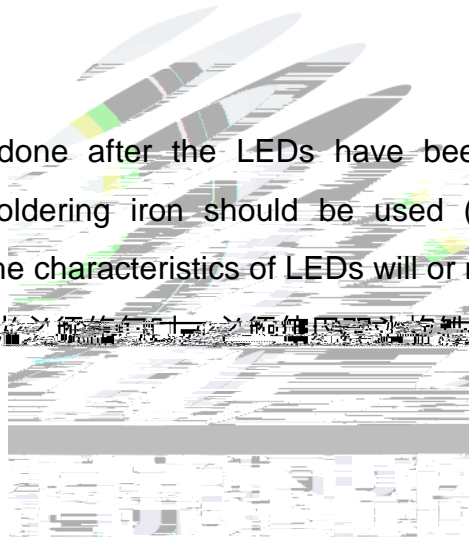
(1) When do soldering by hand, keep the temperature of iron below less 300°C less than 3 seconds. 当手工焊接时，烙铁的温度必须小于300°C，时间不可超过3秒。

(2) Soldering by hand should be done only one time. 手工焊接只可焊接一次。

### 3.1.2 Repairing 修补

Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDs will or not be damaged by repairing.

LED ~~LED封装胶为硅胶，表面平整。用吸嘴按压胶体表面会影响LED可靠性，因此应有预防措施避免在按压器件，当使用吸嘴时，胶体表面的压力应是恰当的。~~ 会损坏LED本身的特性。

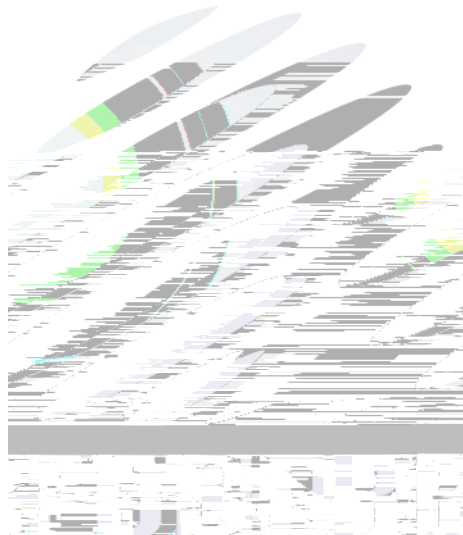


### 3.1.3 Cautions 注意事项

(1) The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be impacted on the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper. LED封装胶为硅胶，表面平整。用吸嘴按压胶体表面会影响LED可靠性，因此应有预防措施避免在按压器件，当使用吸嘴时，胶体表面的压力应是恰当的。

(2) Components should not be mounted on warped (non coplanar) portion of PCB. After soldering, do not warp the circuit board. LED 灯珠不要焊接在变曲的 PCB 板上。焊接完成后，请勿弯曲PCB板。

(3) Do not apply mechanical force or excess vibration during the cooling process to normal temperature after soldering. Do not rapidly cool device after soldering. 回流焊之后冷却过程中，不要对材料施加外力，也不要震动，回流焊后，不要采用激剧冷却的方式。





## 4. Handling Precautions 产品使用注意事项

### 4.1 Handling Precautions 产品使用注意事项

(1) LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over 100PPM in the LED mating usage material. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. LED 工作环境及与 LED 适配的材料中硫元素及化合物成份不可超过 100PPM. 这只是一个建议，不作任何品质担保。

(2) In order to prevent external material from getting into the inside of LED, which may cause the malfunction of LED, the single content of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlorine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external materials of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. 为了防止外界物质进入 LED 内部以造成 LED 的损伤，所处环境及所用套件等等，单一的溴元素含量要求小于 900PPM，单一氯元素含量要求小于 900PPM，溴元素与氯元素总含量必须小于 1500PPM. 这只是一个建议，不作任何品质担保。

(3) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures can penetrate silicone encapsulants of LEDs and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. The result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the materials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues. Refond advises against the use of any chemicals or materials that have been found or are suspected to have an adverse affect on device performance or reliability. To verify compatibility, Refond recommends that all chemicals and materials be tested in the specific application and environment for which they are intended to be used. Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesives that outgas organic vapor. 应用套件中的挥发性物质会渗透到 LED 内部，在通电产生光子及热的条件下，会导致 LED 变色，进而造成严重光衰，提前了解套件材料能够避免产生这些问题。瑞丰反对使用任何对 LED 造成危害的物质，即使只是怀疑有害。针对特定的用途和使用环境，瑞丰建议对所有的物质和材料进行相容性的测试。在贴装 LED 时候，不要使用能产生有机挥发性气体的粘结剂。

(4) Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools; do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry. 通过使用适当的工具从材料侧面夹取，不可直接用手或尖锐金属压胶体表面，它可能会损坏内部电路。

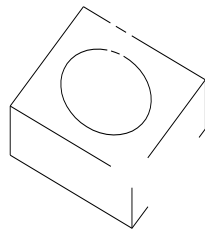


Fig 4-1 Misoperation 错误操作

(5) In designing a circuit, the current through each LED must exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED. In the meanwhile, resistors for protection should be applied, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change, burn out may happen. The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF. If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage. 设计电路时，通过 LED 的电流不能超过规定的最大值，同时，还需使用保护电阻，否则，微小的电压变化将会引起大电流变化，可能导致器件损坏。 电路设计必须保证只有在开启或者关闭的时候出现正向电压的变化，不要施加反压，否则会损坏 LED。

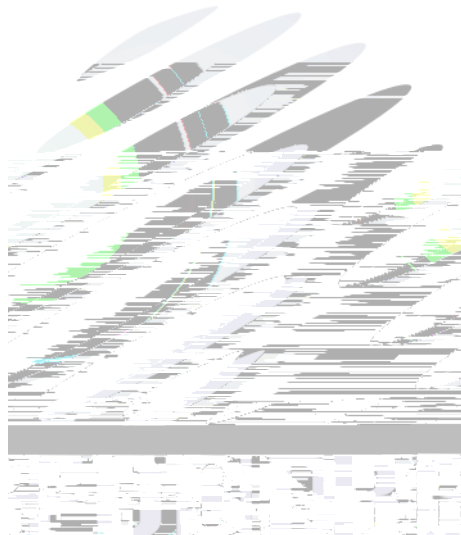
(6) Thermal Design is paramount importance because heat generation may result in the Characteristics decline, such as brightness decreased, Color change and so on. Please consider the heat generation of the LEDs when making the system design. LED 容易因为自身的发热和环境的温度改变而改变，温度升高会降低 LED 发光效率，影响发光颜色，所以在设计时应充分考虑散热问题。

(7) Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust, requiring special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of components. Refond suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause

damage to the LED. 与其他封装胶相比，硅胶通常较软，表面易吸附脏物，应用时应特别注意，当对产品洁净度要求较高时，回流焊以后需要采用恰当清洗方式，我们推荐异丙醇作清洗剂，如需要用到其他清洗剂，必须保证不会破坏封装体，超声清洗可能会对 LED 带来损害，不推荐这种清洗方式。

Table 4-1 Storage 储存

Conditions	Temperature
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### Version History/修订历史

Date日期	Revisor修订者	Version版本	Verifier审核	Remarks备注
2023-06-06	刘明	E/0	姚胜坚	

